

Sequencing Task Card

Read the task card and complete the tasks on a separate sheet of paper.

I. Read the entire story.

2. Create your own graphic organizer with four empty boxes.

3. Fill in the empty boxes with the 4 most important events in the story (in order.)

4. List two traits about that character.

5. Describe a change the character went through during the story.

Vocabulary Task Card

Read the task card and complete the tasks on a separate sheet of paper.

- I. Define the word synonym
- 2. List 5 pairs of synonyms
- 3. Define the word antonym
- 4. List 5 pairs of antonyms
- 5. Define the word *homophone*

6. List 4 pairs of homophones and use each of them in a sentence.

Read each question or scenar background knowledge	rio and respond based on your
What does making an inference mean?	What are the two important parts of inferencing?
 a. making a prediction based on clues from the text. b. making a guess c. reading the story two times d. putting things in order 	a. order and guessing b. background knowledge and memory c. text clues and order of events d. background knowledge and text clues
The girl shivered under a blanket as the now fell outside. She reached to light a andle and grabbed more blankets. Write n inference explaining why you think she s so cold if she is inside.	The man looked down and could see clouds, water, and land. He was nervous but excited, he couldn't wait to explore on his vacation. Write an inference about where the man is right now.
The boy cried as he waved goodbye to his riend. He loaded his teddy bear in the car nd took one more look at his house. Write n inference about why you think this boy 5 sad.	The girl jumped off the bus with a test in her hand. She ran in the door and screamed for her mom. Write an inference about the girls feelings in this scenario.

Name:

Date:

Beach Adventures

A beach ball zoomed in front of Erica's face. A young boy shouted for her to join the game but Erica just rolled her eyes and kept reading her book. Going to the beach was her family's idea of fun, not her's. She thought the beach was hot, dirty and boring. In Erica's opinion, there was nothing exciting about a bunch of people swimming and hitting a ball over a net. Books have adventure and are full of **interesting** places, that is where the real excitement begins! Erica's family could swim and play games, not Erica, she would sit right here with her book until time to leave.

Suddenly Erica heard a little girl crying out! She searched around trying to see what was going on. A huge crowd was formed around the little girl and all Erica could see was a large object on the sand beside the little girl. As much as she hated to walk in the sand, Erica's <u>curiosity</u> was getting the best of her. She began walking a little closer toward the crowd.

Erica could not believe what she saw, there in the sand laid a huge whale, struggling to stay alive. Erica had read a book about this, sometimes whales wash up on the shore and often do not make it back into the water alive! Erica ran over to the crowd and started giving directions about how to keep the whale alive until help could arrive. She almost couldn't believe what she way saying, she was never this outgoing. Desperate times called for desperate actions though! The crowd jumped into action as well and followed every direction Erica gave.

One hour later, help arrived and they were able to save the whale! Thanks to Erica and her quick thinking, the whale was not <u>harmed</u>. As Erica went back to her chair to do some more reading, she looked around and smiled. Suddenly the beach didn't look so boring.

Dead each question and sha	
In paragraph 2, what does the word <u>curiosity</u> mean?	ose the correct answer choice. We can infer that after saving the whale, Erica will probably
 a. fear b. wanting to know c. an act of kindness d. asking questions 	 a. became ill. b. looked up information on whales. c. went straight home. d. decided to have some fun at the beach.
In paragraph 4, what does the word harmed mean?	At the end of the story, Erica can be described as
a. saved b. excited c. hurt d. rescued	a. adventurous b. timid c. lazy d. unhappy
Which event happened right after Erica heard the little girl crying out?	In paragraph 1, what is an antonym for the word interesting ?
a. Erica became interested in what was happening.b. Erica went home.c. Erica rolled her eyes.d. Erica helped save the whale.	a. captivatingb. believablec. enjoyabled. boring
Why does Erica not like going to the beach?	This story is told from which point of view?
 a. her friends are not there. b. the beach smells bad. c. she would rather read a book. d. she loves the beach. 	 a. first person b. second person c. narrator d. third person

Write a summary of the story below:

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Х Д	Somebody/Wanted But	
У С	So Then	C D C
	Piece your summary together!	
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Name: ___

Date: .

Snow at Last

The clock seemed to almost be creeping on Friday afternoon. Samantha stared and stared, waiting for the 3:10 bell to ring.

Samantha could not wait for Winter Break, she had so many exciting things she was going to do! Her family had been planning a ski trip and the <u>anticipation</u> was growing with each passing minute. Samantha had never seen snow before, living in the south, snow was not common. She could not wait to see it and touch it, what a magical sight it would be!

Samantha's best friend Marta was going on the trip too, Marta had to be equally as excited. Hot chocolate, skiing on the slopes, it was going to be a blast!

The bell rang and the girls jetted for the door! All the way home they talked about the different things they were going to do on their trip. One of which was staying up all night, giggling, talking, and soaking up their Winter Break.

The girls parted ways to their houses so they could finish packing and prepare for the big day tomorrow. After all, Samantha's family was leaving at 6:00 the next morning and there were still many things to <u>conquer</u> on her to-do list.

"Brrriiiinggg." Samantha's alarm was blaring! She awoke and sat up, then immediately laid back down. She felt horrible! Sore throat, chills, and her stomach felt like an elephant was running laps in it. Samantha couldn't believe what was happening, she was going to miss her trip! She called for her mom and moments later, the worst had happened, the trip was cancelled. Samantha's mom had made the decision that she was too sick to go, therefore, no one would go. What an awful way to start what was suppose to be a wonderful Winter Break.

As the day passed on, Samantha was feeling increasingly more gloomy about being stuck in her boring house and missing her chance to see snow. Being sick was the worst!

Two days later, Samantha was feeling much better but still upset about missing out on the fun she was going to have with Marta. Suddenly the phone rang and it was Marta, she told Samantha to go look outside. Samantha couldn't believe her eyes, the ground was white! It must have snowed all night.

Without <u>hesitation</u>, the girls hurried to get dressed and were out in the snow in no time. Marta and Samantha played the rest of the day in the snow, with a few hot chocolate breaks in between. It looked like this would be a great Winter Break after all. The snow truly was a magical sight!

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Read each question and choose the correct answer choice.				
In paragraph 2, what does the word anticipation mean?	What problem did Samantha face in this story?			
 a. snow falling b. waiting excitedly c. feeling sick d. being fearful 	 a. she became ill and could not go on her trip. b. she got into a fight with her friend c. she failed a test and was grounded d. she lost something very important to her. 			
In paragraph 5, what does the word conquer mean?	Who is the main character in this story?			
 a. complete b. fight c. passing a test d. to make 	a. Marta b. Samantha c. the narrator d. Samantha's mom			
We can infer that if it had not snowed, Samantha would feel	Which phrase from the story creates a visual for the reader?			
a. excited b. thrilled c. disappointed d. confused	 a. she felt horrible b. the bell rang c. the ground was white d. Marta had to be excited too 			
In paragraph 9, what does the word hesitation mean? This story is told from which point view?				
a. trying b. running c. thinking d. pausing	 a. first person b. second person c. narrator d. third person 			
Write a summary o	of the story below:			

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$\hat{\boldsymbol{(}}$	Piece your summary together!	Ĉ
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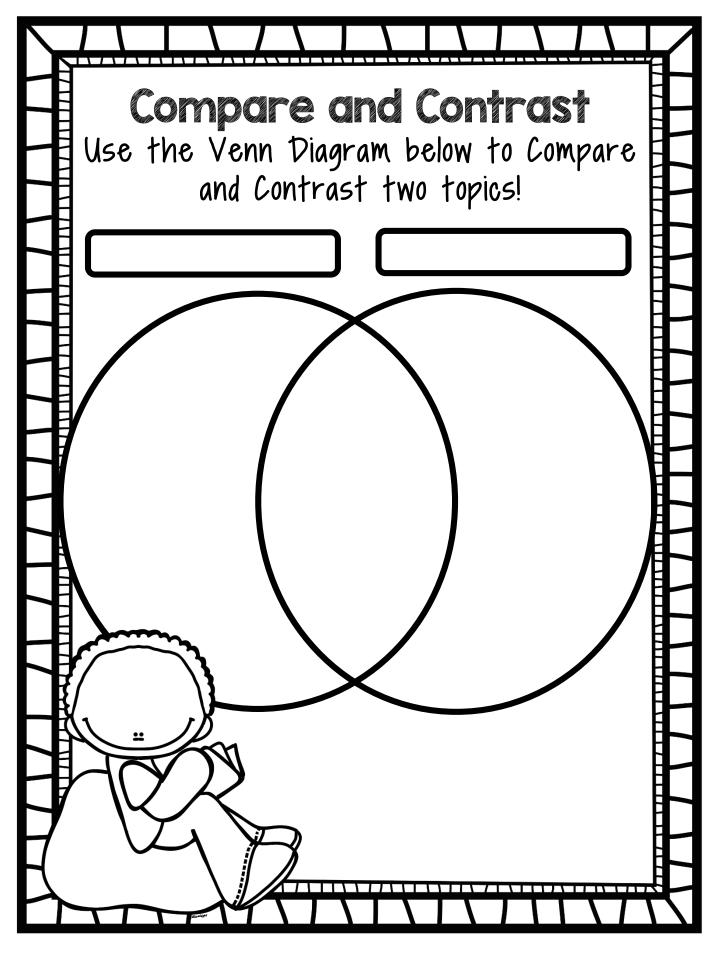
Commonly Used Prefixes:

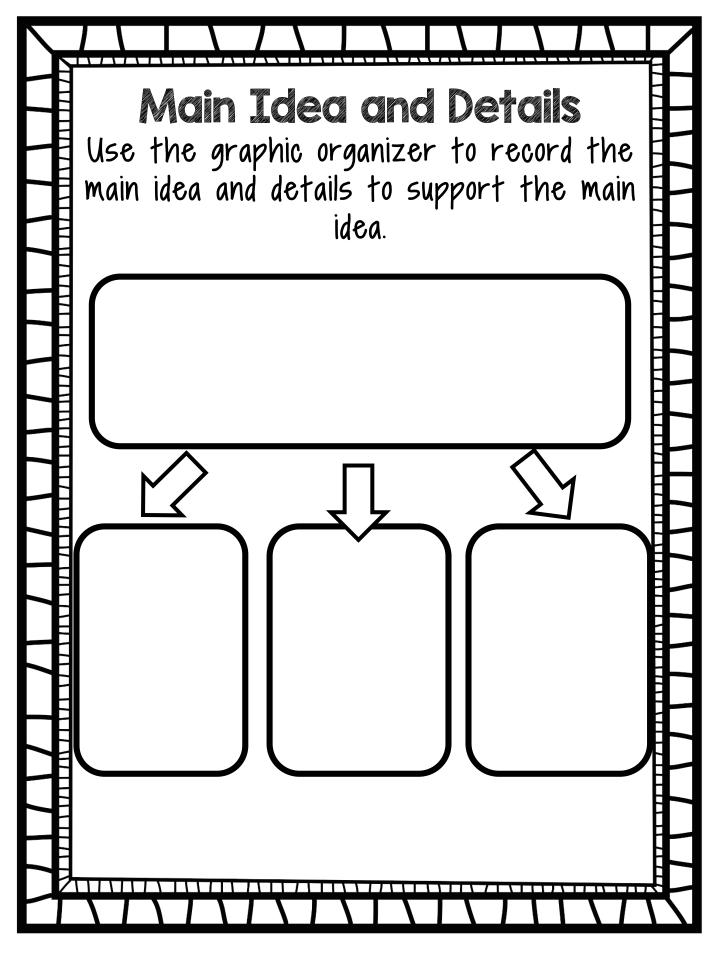
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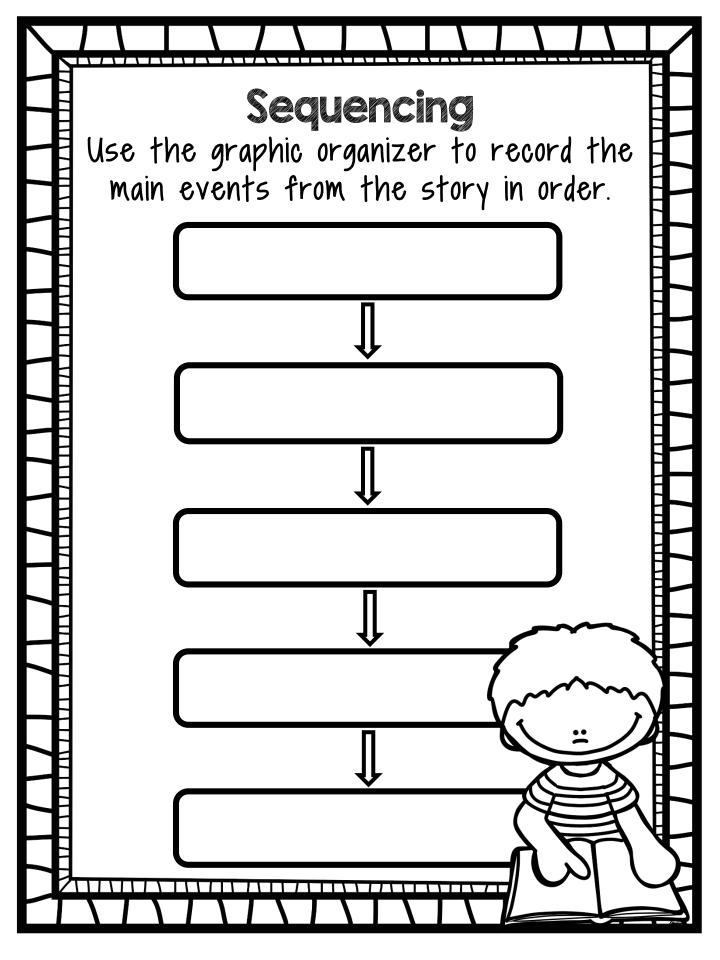
Prefix	Meaning	Example
re-	to do again	rebuild, relearn
un-	against, not	untic, undo
im-	not, without	impossible, improper
-ZiD	not, opposite	disagree, disapprove
mis-	bad, wrong	mislead, misplace
pre-	before	pretest, pregame
in-	not, without	invisible, inaction
ĉХ-	out of, former	exhale, explode
de-	down, opposite	decrease, decompose
non-	not	nonfiction, noncompliance

commonly used Suffixes:

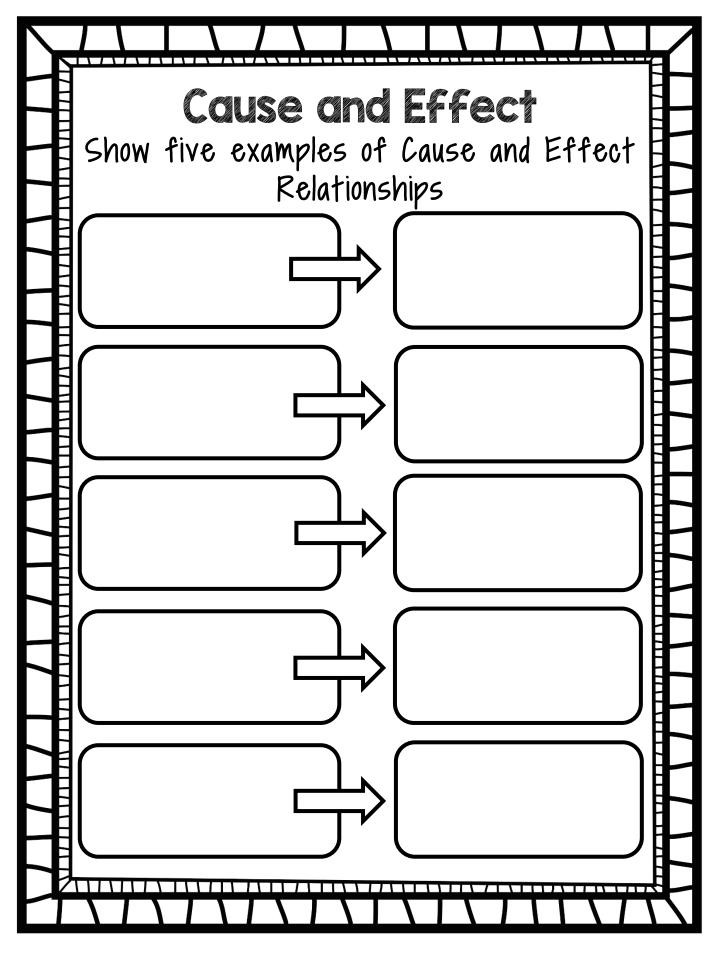
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Suffix	Meaning	Example		
-able	able to	reliable, comfortable		
-fUl	full of	helpful, careful		
-14	doing in a certain way	quickly, sadly		
-al	relating to	annual, comical		
-622	without	careless, mindless		
-er	act of doing	teacher, runner		
-est	the most of	highest, longest		
-ing	showing action	sleeping, driving		

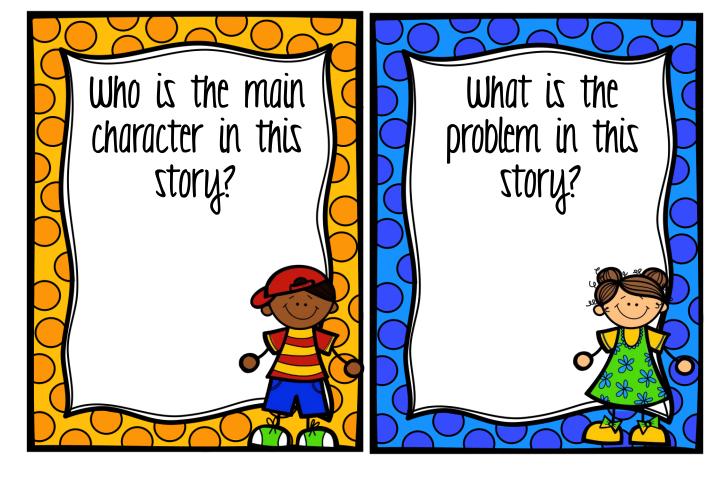


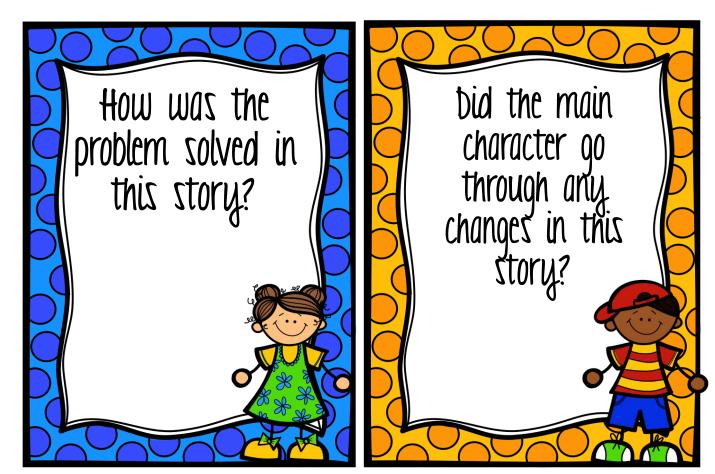


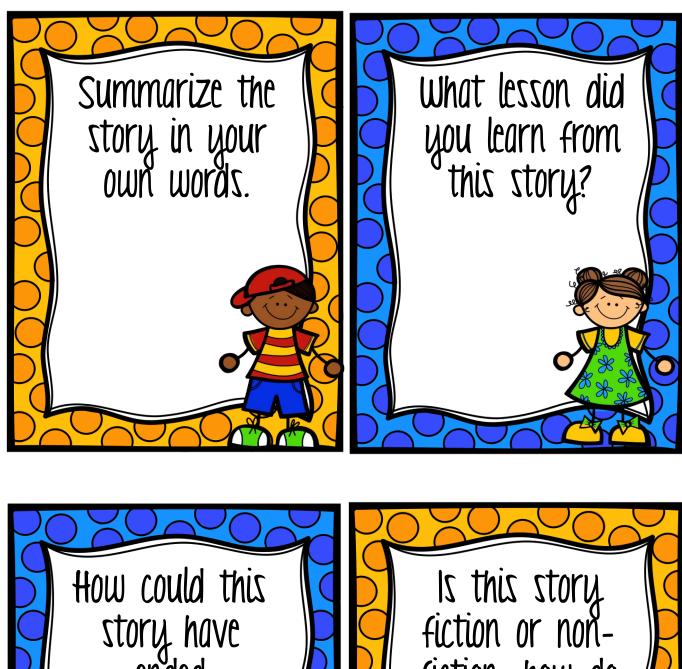


Summarizing Use the graphic organizer to write a summary of the story.	
Beginning End	
Summary	





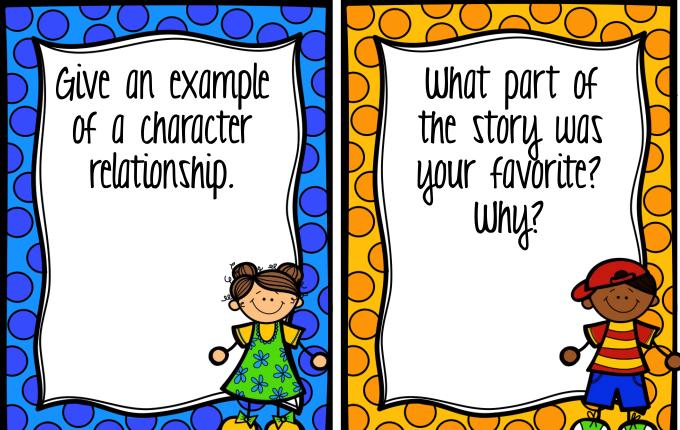


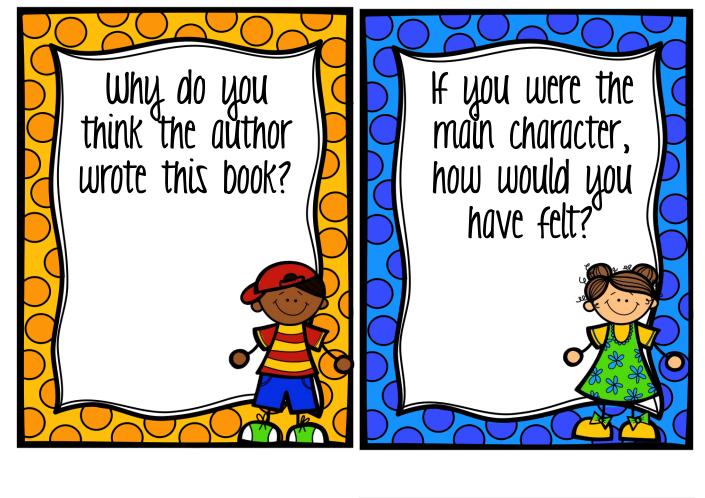


story have ended differently?

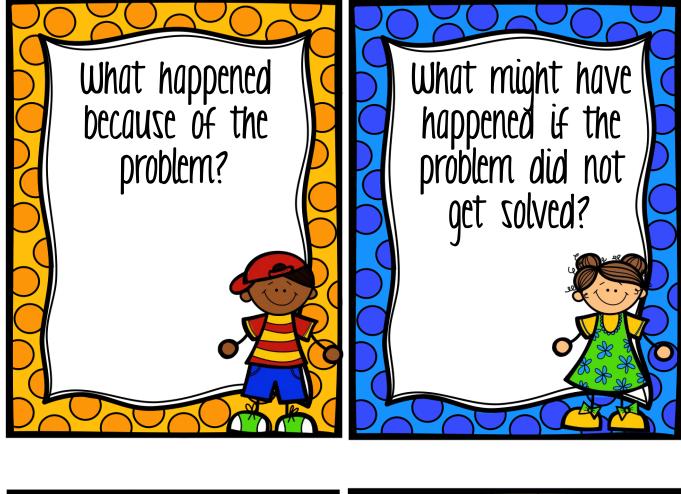
fiction, how do you know?





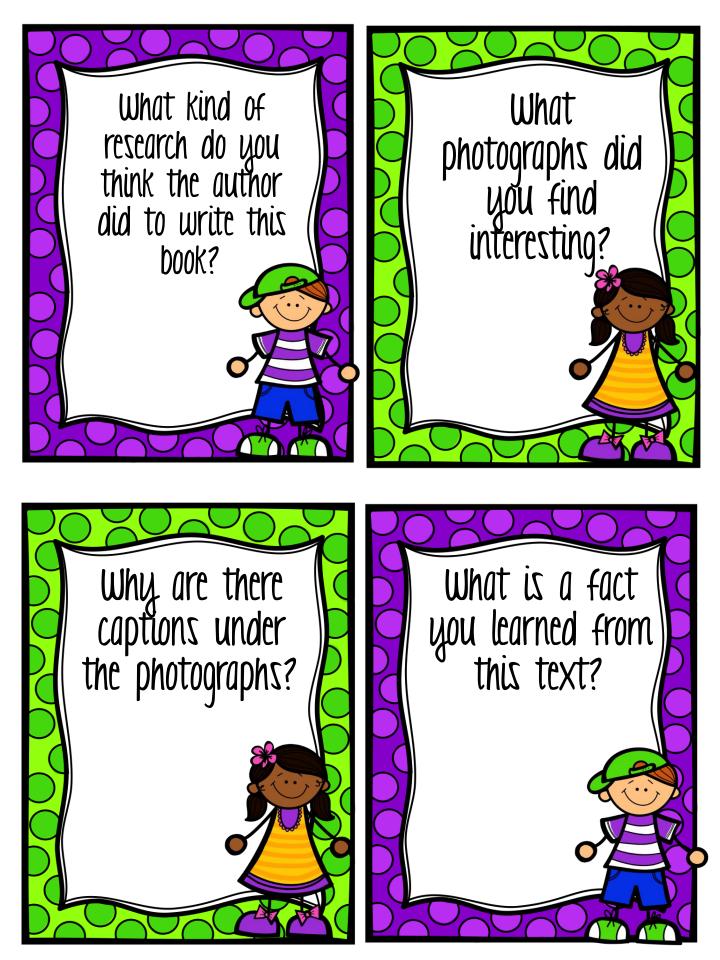


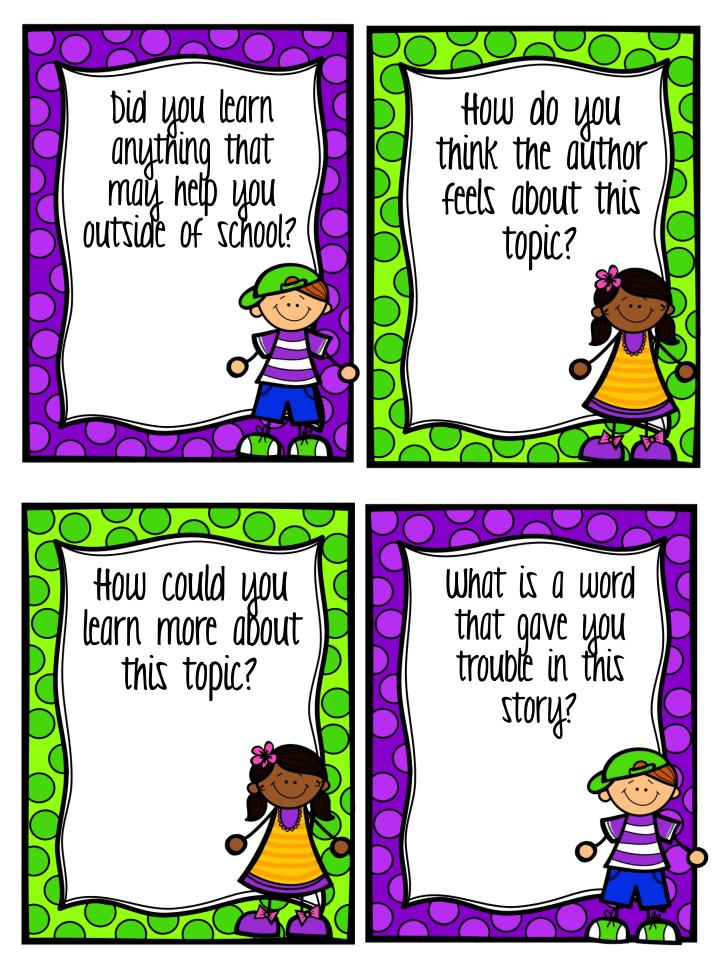


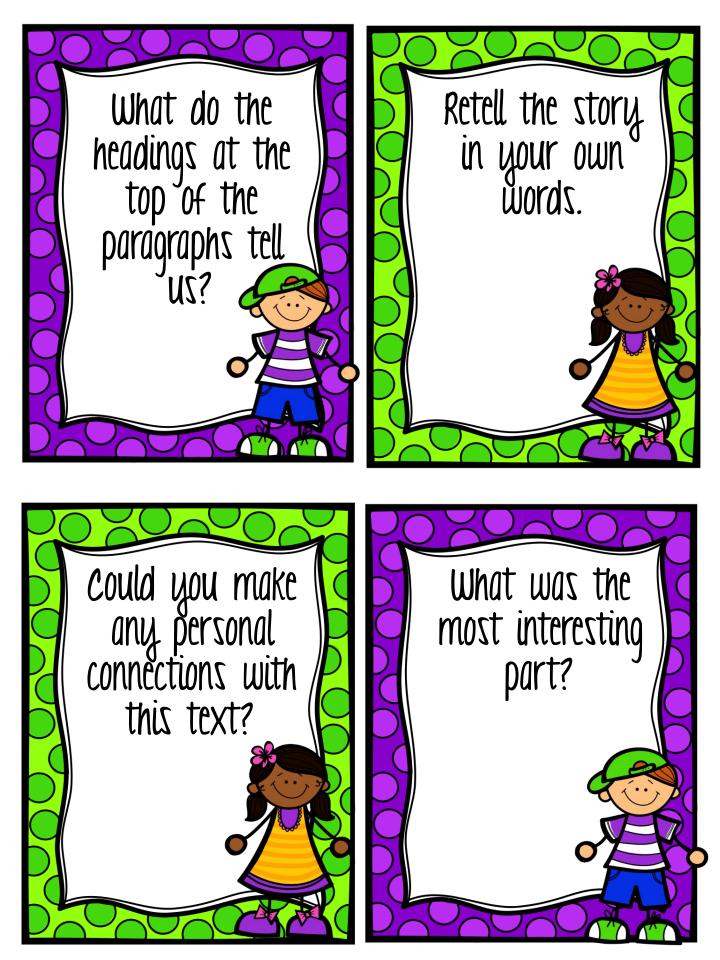




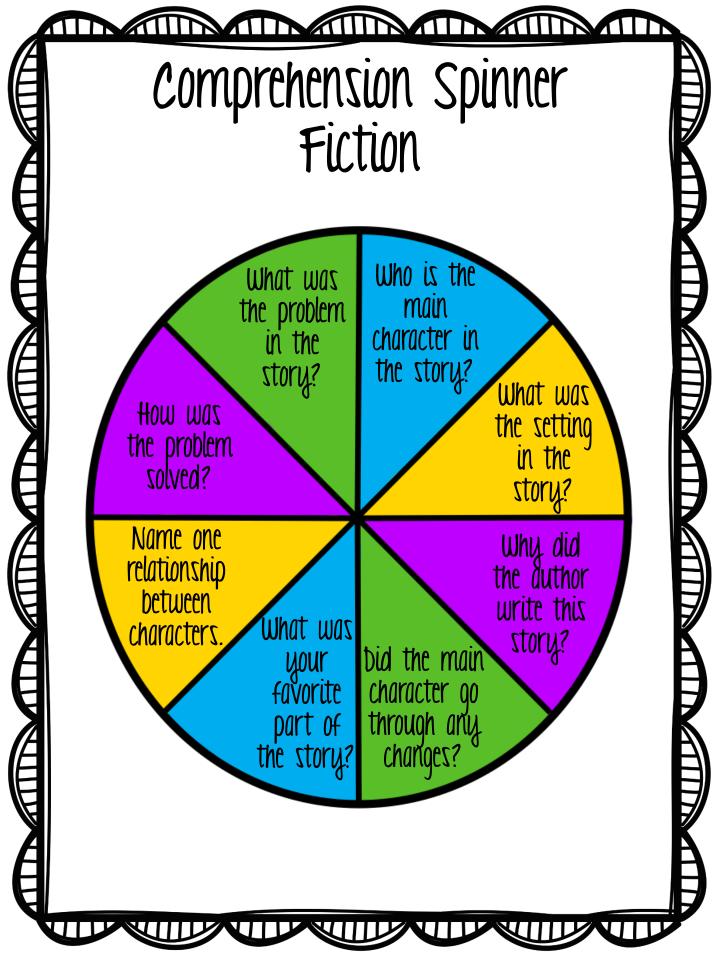


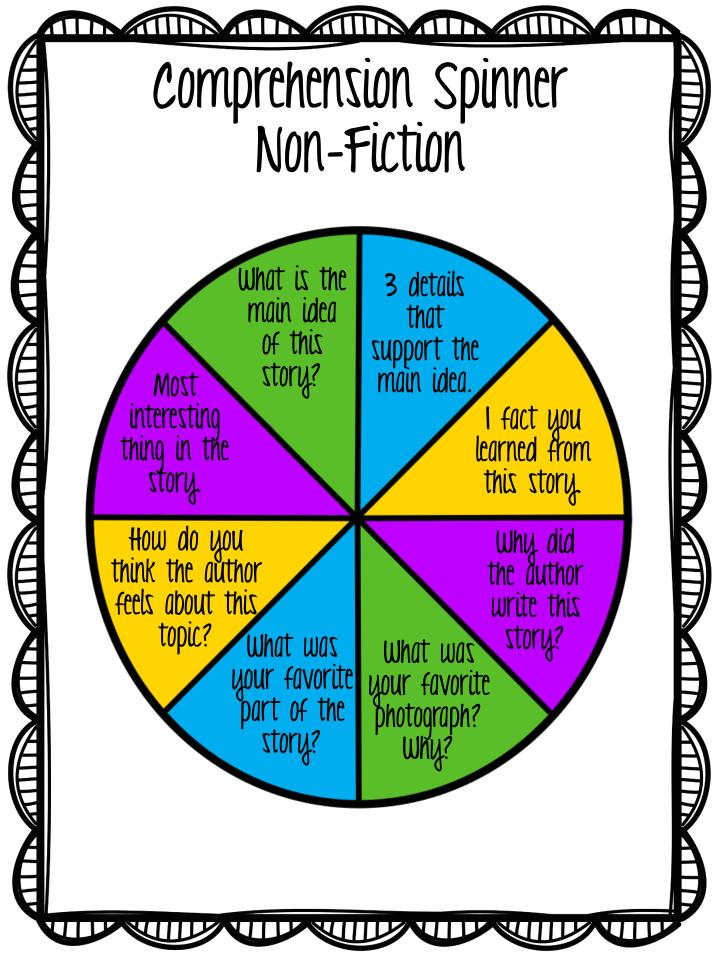












My Favorite Reading Spot

Dear Students,

l am out today, as you can see. Do you have a favorite reading spot? I think everyone does. At home? Here? Where? Describe it to me, why is it your favorite? What special things does it offer you while you are reading? Comfort? Quiet? Please give me details so l can imagine this spot with you! I will tell you about my favorite reading spot when I get back! Enjoy your prompt. 🙂

Love, Your Jeacher

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		My Favorite Reading Spot	
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My Dream Vacation

Dear Students,

l am out today, as you can see. I want you to write about your dream vacation spot! Where would it be? How would you get there? Who would you take? What is fun about your dream vacation? Why did you choose that spot? Have you ever been there? I can't wait to see what you come up with, I know I will want to go there right away! Enjoy your prompt. 😇 Love,

Your Jeacher

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If I Ruled the World

Dear Students,

l am out today, as you can see. Oh boy, it looks like you are ruling the world today in your writing. If you ruled the world, what would you do different? What rules would you create to avoid chaos? What would your ruler name be? Where would you choose to live? Who would you have help you in your massive jobs of ruling the world. Have fun! Enjoy your prompt. 🙂 Love,

Your Jeacher

If I Ruled the World	
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	Write a summary of the story using parts from the Beginning, Middle and End.	Draw a picture that represents the main character of the story.	Write a paragraph showing a connection between the story and your life or other things you have learned.	Make a four square sheet showing the setting, theme, plot, and point of view of the story.	
	Create a graphic organizer showing 4 main events from the story (in order.)	lllustrate a picture representing the problem of the storγ (be sure to add a caption explaining the problem.)	Read two fiction stories and compare and contrast the main characters using a Venn diagram.	Write a letter to a friend explaining if they should read this book (why or why not?)	
	Write a paragraph telling about your favorite part of the story.	Make a character web showing the different traits of the main character.	Make a comic strip depicting the most important parts from the beginning, middle and end.	Write a summary of the story using the Character, Problem and Resolution.	
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	Non-F	iction Rea Choice	ding Respo Board	inse	
	Write a summary of the entire story using less than 30 words.	Draw a picture that represents the main idea of the story and label the picture with the main idea.	Write a paragraph showing a connection between the text and your life or other things you have learned.	Write a paragraph explaining what the author's purpose was in writing this story.	
	Write three facts you learned from the story.	Read one section (heading) of the story again; write a short summary of that section.	Recreate a visual image (graph, diagram, map) from the story and explain how it helps the reader.	Draw a graphic organizer that shows the main idea of the story and three supporting details.	
	Create your own photograph in the story and label it with a caption.	Write three facts you learned from the story.	Locate three bold words in the story and write the definitions. (Use a dictionary if necessary)	Recreate a visual image (graph, diagram, map) from the story and explain how it helps the reader.	
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	Rea	ading	Choice	e Boa	rd	
	Write a letter to someone famous.	Make a set of Text Feature Flash Cards.	Write a poem about a character from a story.	Create a menu for your own restaurant.	Create a "tweet" of a story. (Summary in less than 140 letters.)	
	Design a poster showing the different forms of government.	Create a poster of examples of text features.	Create a character trait web about a main character in a story.	Using your name, create an acrostic poem that describes you.	Write a journal entry: If I was President	
	Using the title, create an acrostic poem describing a book.	Write a new ending to a story.	Free Space	Make a character sketch of the main characters in a story.	Create your own captions for a set of pictures.	
	lllustrate a book cover for a story you are reading or have written.	Write a story that includes a crime and how the crime is solved.	Create a Venn Diagram: Compare yourself and a character from a story.	Create a timeline showing 4 important events in your life.	Design a weather warning poster.	
	Write a rap song for a story read in class.	Create a sequence chain using events from a story.	Create a story in a comic strip that includes the elements of fiction.	Write a short play. (include characters, problem and resolution.)	Write a rhyming poem about school.	
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		objects in the problem	
		and the ever fron	its that flow
	Character	Problem	Solution
Fiction			



Find 4 HEADINGS and place yellow sticky notes on them. Find 2 TIMELINES and place pink sticky notes on them. Find 3 TABLES and place green sticky notes on them. Find 2 GRAPHS and place blue sticky notes on them. Find 4 CAPTIONS and place orange sticky notes on them.

Now fill out the bottom part of the task card:

Why does an author use CAPTIONS?

Why does an author use HEADINGS in bold print?

How do GRAPHICS (timelines, graphs, and tables) help us understand more about the story?

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Name: _____

Date: _____

W	ord Wo	rk
Word accurate	Definition	Sentence
apparent		
benefit		
captivity		
fortunate		
gradual		
revive		
tradition		

Word Work Day I

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Name: _____

Date: _____

W	ord Wo	rk
Word essential	Definition	Sentence
plentiful		
recent		
humble		
grasp		
intend		
misery		
shallow		

Word Work Day 2

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Name: _____

Date: _____

W	ord Wo	rk
Word mature	Definition	Sentence
tragic		
confuse		
carefree		
enable		
ancient		
swift		
vision		

Word Work Day 3

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Sy	nonym /	Assessi	nent
		A word that	means the
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Expensive	Smart	Frightening	Synonyn

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Jhe and the Grasshopper

One hot day, a grasshopper was hopping about and humming a tune. The grasshopper was content and enjoying his leisurely day. As moments passed, an ant walked by and saw the grasshopper so **gleefully** bouncing through the grass. The ant had been preparing for winter and was carrying food back home to store for the coming months.

"Hi there, why don't you stop working your day away and come join me in this <u>luscious</u> grass? There is always time for work later," the grasshopper nudged.

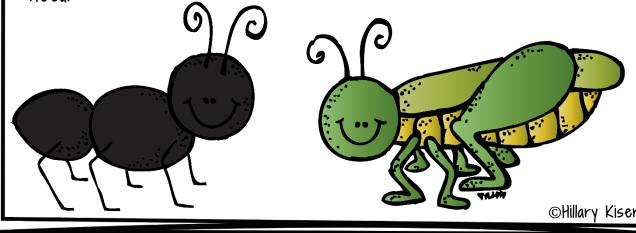
"I am helping store food for winter, those months come quickly and I want my family to be prepared," explained the ant. "I recommend you do the same."

"We have plenty of food for now, there will always be time later to prepare for the winter," the grasshopper scoffed.

The ant continued working while the grasshopper played.

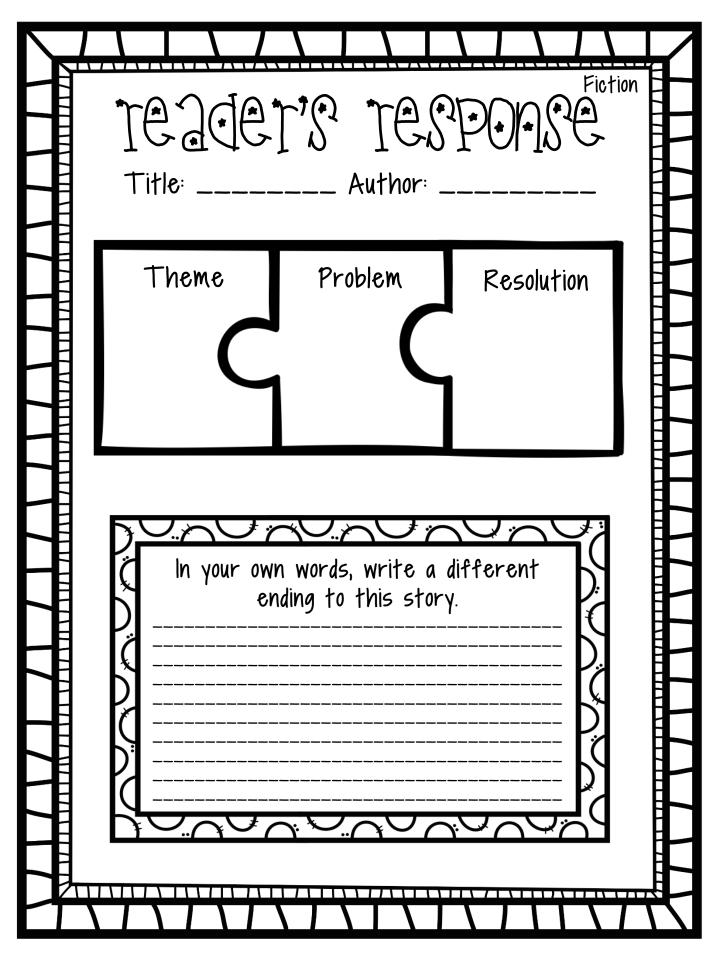
Months passed and winter arrived. The ant had plenty of food stored for his family but the grasshopper found himself going hungry. When the grasshopper asked for help from the ant, the ant only had enough food for his family.

Grasshopper quickly learned, it is better to plan ahead for days of need.



Ì	Comprehension Questions	Ŧ									
Ħ		E									
Ħ	1. In paragraph 2, what does the word luscious mean?										
Ē	a. healthy b. dry	F-									
	c. dead d. long										
Ħ	2. What is a synonym for the word gleefully ?										
Ē	a. boastfully b. in a boring way										
	c. happily d. healthily										
1	3. What was the grasshopper doing?										
	a. relaxing b. sleeping										
3	c.eating d.dreaming										
	4. What was the ant preparing for?										
	a. summer b. a flood										
	c. winter d. a blizzard										
	5. What was the purpose of this story?										
	a. to teach the reader a lesson about not wasting time										
	b. to inform the reader about ants and grasshoppers	E									
	c. to entertain the reader with a story about two critters	E									
	d. to persuade the reader to gather food										
	6. What is one way to describe the grasshopper's feelings at the end of the story?										
	a. disappointed b. prepared	₽									
	c.joyful d.angry	₿ -									
Ę	The Ant and the Grasshopper ©Hillary Kis	ser									
f		77									

I. What is the theme of the story? How do you know?
1. What is the theme of the story? How do you know? 2. What are three things the grasshopper could have done to prepare for winter? 1. 2. 3. 3. The grasshopper was unhappy at the end of the story, why? 4. In what paragraph did the ant try to warn the grasshopper? Did the
2. What are three things the grasshopper could have done to prepare for winter? 1. 2. 3. 3. The grasshopper was unhappy at the end of the story, why? 4. In what paragraph did the ant try to warn the grasshopper? Did the
for winter? 1.
for winter? 1.
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4. In what paragraph did the ant try to warn the grasshopper? Did the
grassnopper listen?
5. What do you think might happen to the grasshopper next time he needs to prepare for something?
1
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The Ant and the Grasshopper ©Hillary Kiser



a Streak of Iigers

Tigers are fascinating animals that can be loving but also vicious. You may have seen some tigers at the zoo, but people rarely see them in the wild. Tigers, just like other animals, have many characteristics that are special to their species. You can look at a tiger from afar, but don't get too close, you might regret it!

A Streak? And Stripes?

The stripes on a tiger are the most recognizable feature with a pattern of dark vertical stripes on reddish-orange fur with a lighter underside. What is a streak of Tigers? Well, a group of tigers is usually referred to as a streak or an ambush. Tigers often like to roam in "streaks" in the wild to protect themselves from predators. When tigers travel alone, they are an easy target for a midnight snack.

Habits of Tigers

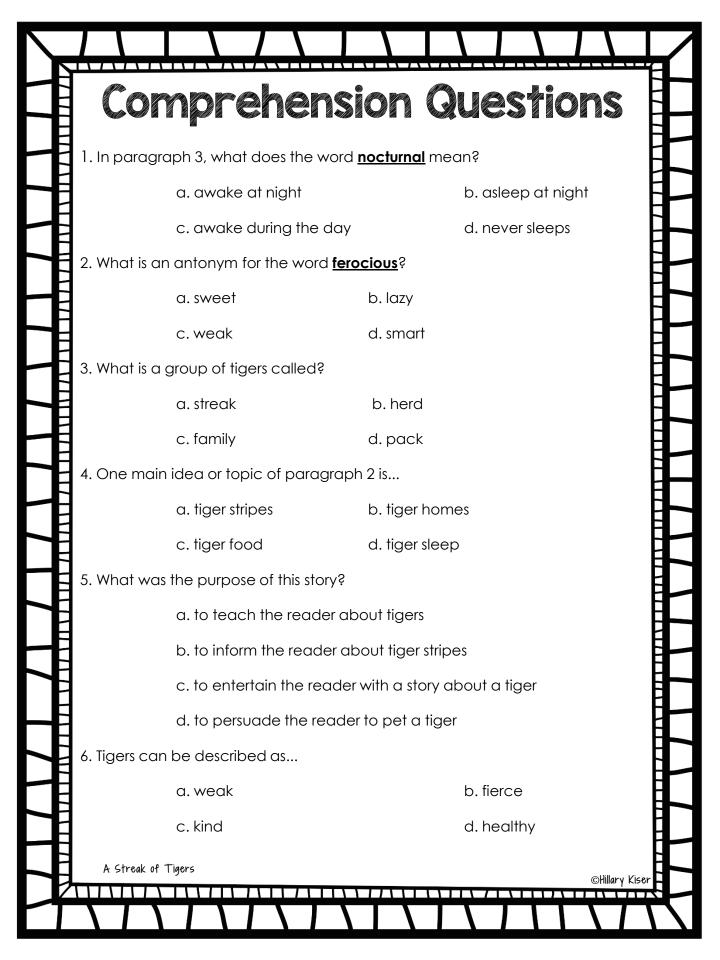
Tigers are strong swimmers and enjoy to bathe in ponds. These creatures live in large open areas to have easy access to prey. Tigers are mainly <u>nocturnal</u> predators and generally feed on animals smaller than themselves. However, these



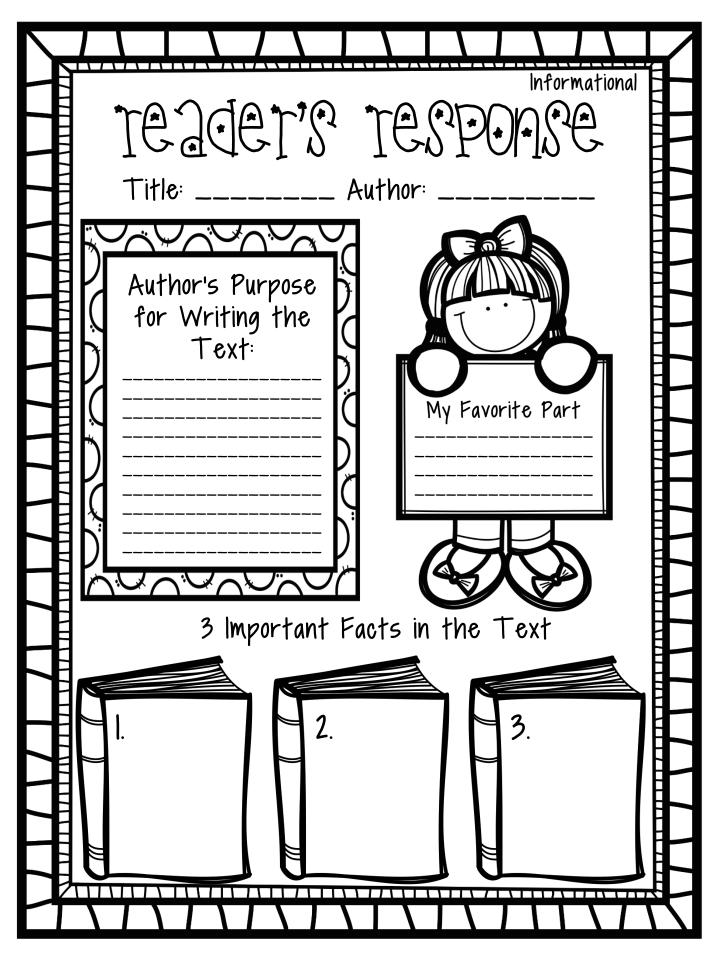
fascinating creatures have been known to take down elephants and other large animals.

The Softer Side

Tigers may seem tough and <u>ferocious</u> but when it comes to family, they have a softer side. Both male and female tigers take care of the young, and tigers will do just about anything to protect their families. No matter how frightening an animal may seem, there is usually a soft side to them all.



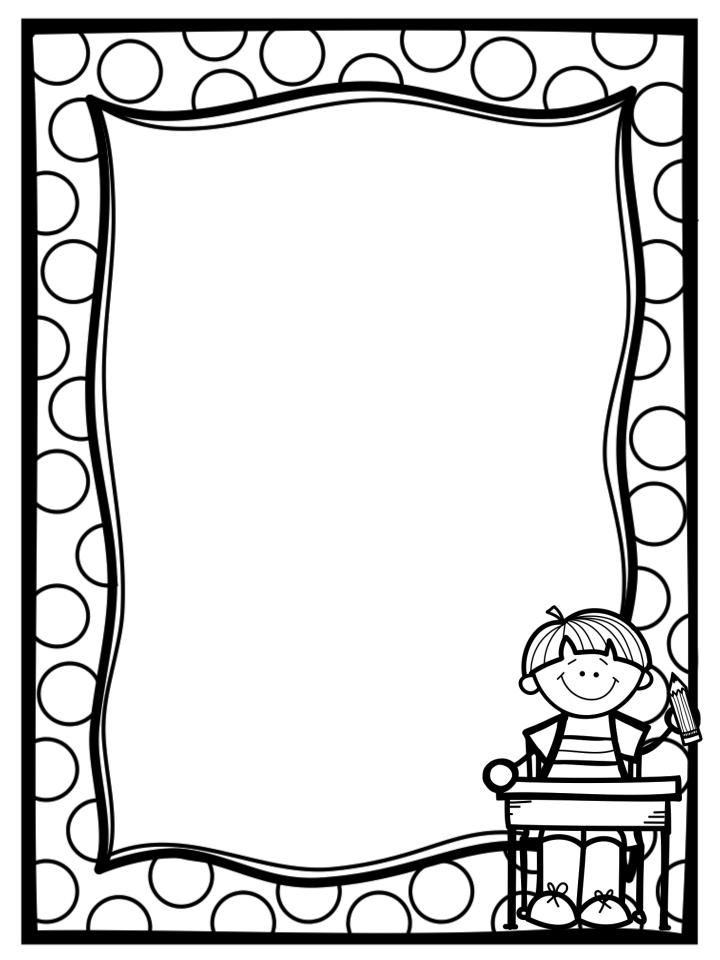
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	Critical Thinking	
	1. What is the main idea of the entire text? How do you know?	
H		
H	2. What are three facts from the text?	
	1 2	
	 3 3. Why is the text titled "A Streak of Tigers?" 	
	4. Tigers can be described as fierce but also kind. Which was should we see them? Why?	-
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H		
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	5. Why are tigers kind to their family but not humans?	
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	A Streak of Tigers ©Hillary Kiser	
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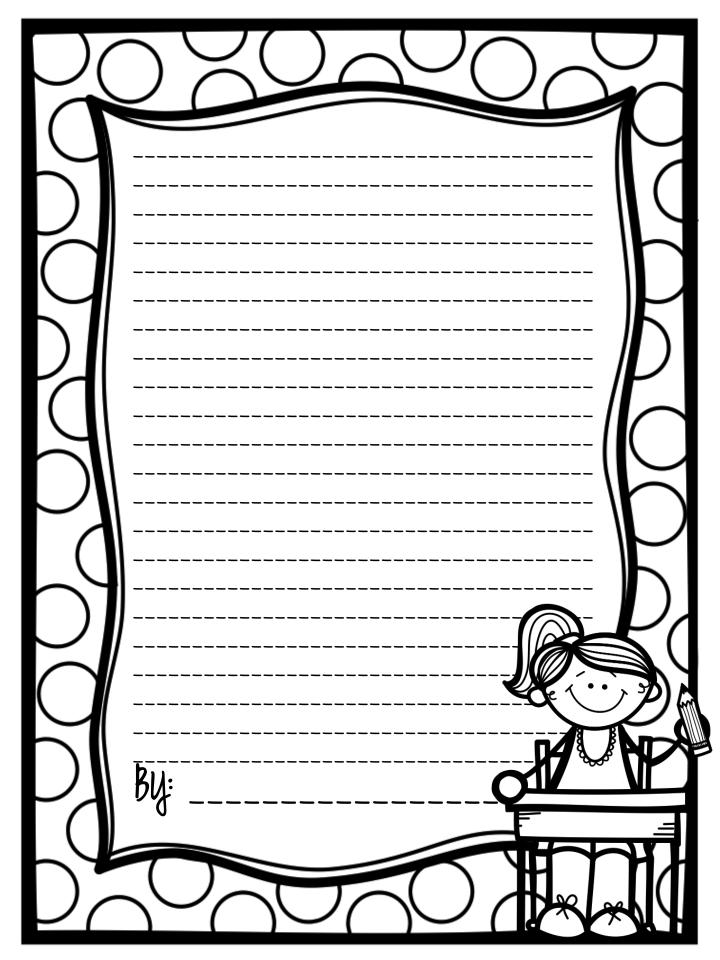


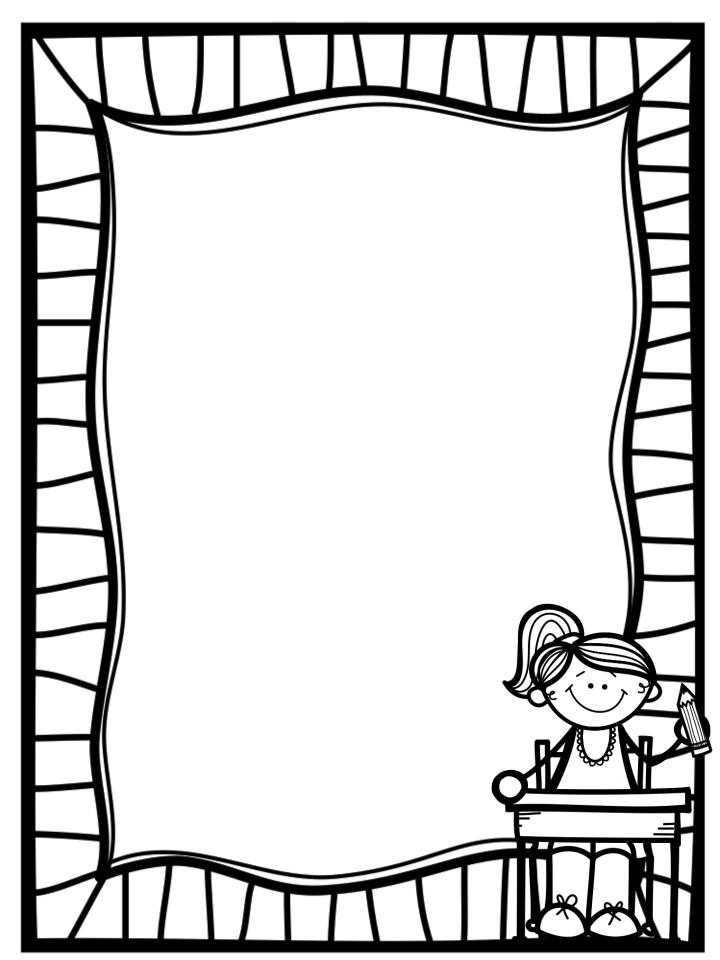
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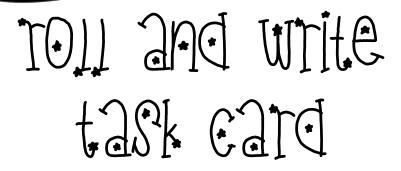
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Create a story in a comic strip that includes the elements of fiction.

Make a sequence chain using events from a book you have read.

Write a letter to the author of a book you are reading.

Write a short play with characters, a problem and a solution.

Write a new ending to a story you have read.

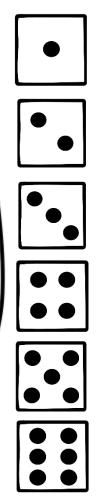
Compare and Contrast two characters in a story.

Write a paragraph explaining why you think the author wrote the book you are reading.

Find a book about math and read it.

Find a non-fiction book and write down all of the text features you see.

Create a poster of text features.



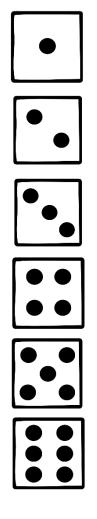
Create a poster about the elements of fiction.

Using the title of a book, create an acrostic poem describing the book.

Find a book about science and read it.

Write a summary over the book you are reading.

Read a factual book about an animal.



Create a character trait web about the main character in a story.

Create a timeline showing 4 important events in your life.

Make a character sketch of the main characters in a story.

Write 3 facts you learned from a book you are reading.

Pick a book from your favorite author and read it.

Write and illustrate a short children's book.

Draw a picture that represents the main idea of a non-fiction story and label the main idea.

Make a four square sheet showing the setting, theme, plot, and point of view of the story.

Read a book about animals.

Read a teacher recommended book.